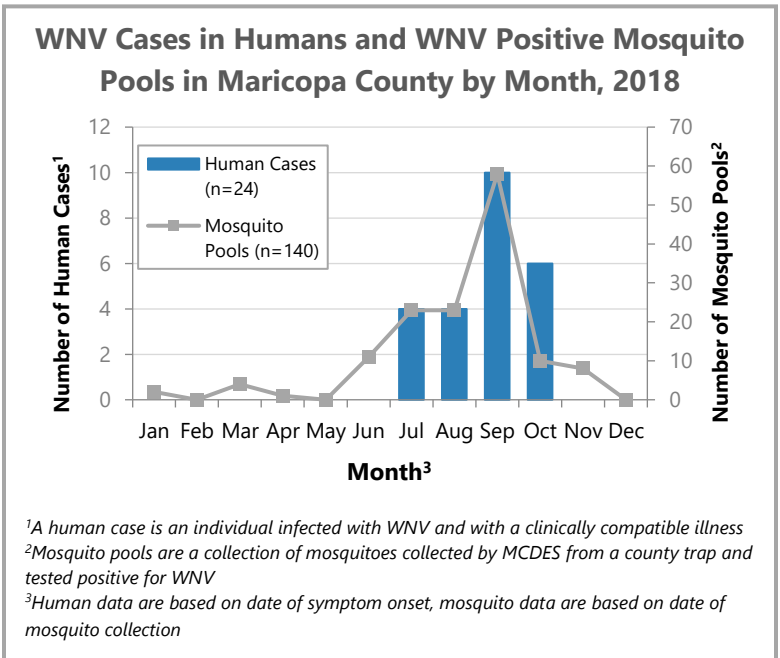
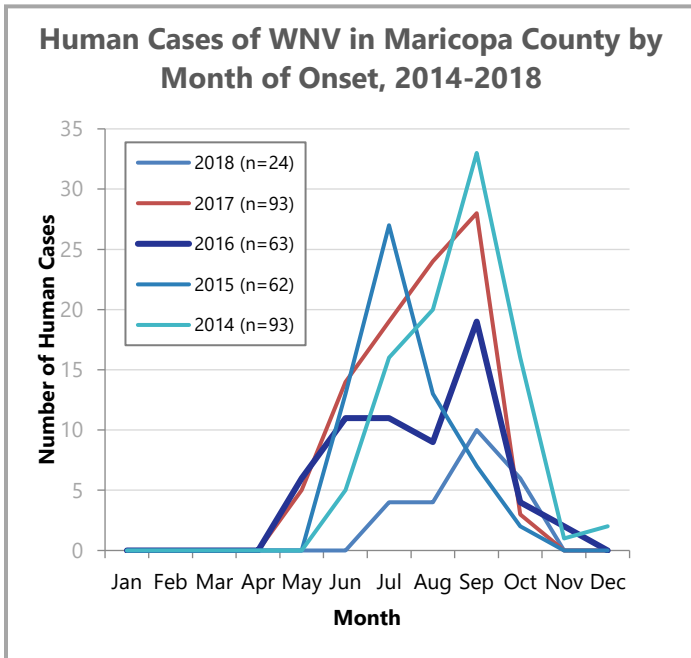


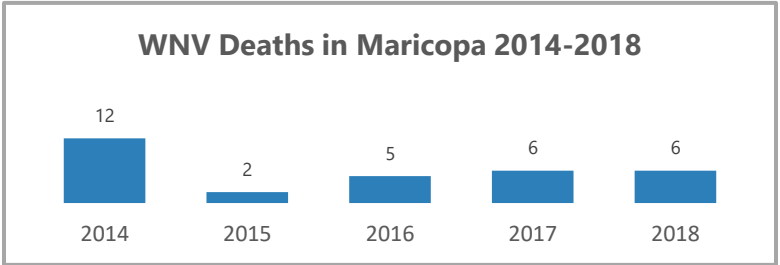
West Nile Virus End of Year Report, 2018

West Nile virus (WNV) arrived in Arizona in 2003 and is now endemic in Maricopa County. The Maricopa County Department of Public Health (MCDPH) Office of Epidemiology collaborates with the Maricopa County Department of Environmental Services (MCDES) Office of Vector Control to identify and monitor areas of WNV activity. This report describes trends in human infections during 2018. Please visit <http://www.maricopa.gov/wnv/> for more information about WNV.

Characteristics of Human WNV Infections: Maricopa County, 2018							
Year Total*	Non-neuroinvasive†	Neuroinvasive	Hospitalized	Deaths	Demographics		
					Gender M/F	Median Age (Range)	Race/Ethnicity
24	1 Fever	15 Encephalitis 7 Meningitis 1 Other	22 Neuroinvasive	6	15/9	66 (27-87)	17 White, Non-Hispanic 6 Hispanic or Latino 1 Unknown
*There were 0 viremic blood donors in 2018							



In past reports, rates of human WNV illness by cities were included. Due to the low number of cases in 2018, this cannot be done. The overall rate of WNV illness in Maricopa County for 2018 was **0.5** per 100,000 population.



<https://www.maricopa.gov/2423/Fight-the-Bite>

WNV Mortality Description 2018				
Confirmed Deaths	Clinical Presentation	Median Age (Range)	Gender M/F	Race/Ethnicity
6	6 Encephalitis	72 (67-87)	3/3	6 White, Not Hispanic

Mean age of West Nile Virus survivors (58 years) versus deaths (74 years) was statistically significant for 2018 ($\alpha=0.05$).